## NOTES.

## A favirite morsel with the Rook, etc. P. 8. 1. 8.

In these verses, which have much of picturesque, there is a severe charge against Rooks and Crows, as very for midable depredators; and their destruction, as such, seems to be recommended. Such was the prevalent opinion some years back. It is less general now: and I am sure the humanity of the Author, and his benevolence to Animals in general, will dispose him to rejoice in whatever plea can be offered in stay of execution of this sentence. And yet more so, if it shall appear that Rooks, at least deserve not only mercy, but protection and encouragement from the Farmer.

I shall quote a passage from Bewick's interesting RISTORY of BIRDS: the narrative part of which is often as full of information as the embellishments cut in wood are beautiful.... It is this.

Speaking of Birds of the Pie-kind in general, he says., Birds of this kind\*) are found in every part of the known world, from Greenland to the Cape of Good Hope. In many respects they may be said to be of singular benefit to mankind: principally by destroying great quantities of noxious insects, worms, and reptiles. Rooks, in particular, are fond of the ernoae of the hedge-chaffer, or chesnut brown beetle: for which they search with indefatigable pains. These insects ", he adds in a note, , appear in hot weather in formidable numbers: disro-

<sup>\*)</sup> P. 63.